

Talking to your care team about GOMEKLI

Every experience with neurofibromatosis type 1 with plexiform neurofibromas (NF1-PN) is unique. GOMEKLI, a medicine proven to shrink plexiform neurofibromas (which can also be called plexiforms) in some people with NF1, may be able to help. Complete the information below to kick-start a conversation with your care team about whether GOMEKLI is right for you.

Capture your experience with NF1-PN

Your care team will want to know how you're feeling and a little bit about your treatment history.

Do your plexiforms cause any of these problems?					
On a scale of 1-5, rate how much each symptom affects you.	1 (a little)	2	3	4	5 (a lot)
Pain	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Difficulty moving	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Changes in appearance	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Other symptom _____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Other symptom _____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Other ways plexiforms impact your life: _____



Check out SpringWorks CareConnections™ for support with insurance, questions about treatment, and more.

What is GOMEKLI?

GOMEKLI (mirdametinib) is a prescription medicine used to treat adults and children 2 years of age and older with neurofibromatosis type 1 (NF1) who have plexiform neurofibromas (PN) that cause symptoms and cannot be completely removed by surgery.

It is not known if GOMEKLI is safe and effective in children under 2 years of age.

Important Safety Information

Before taking GOMEKLI, tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- Have eye problems
- Have heart problems
- Are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. GOMEKLI can harm your unborn baby

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and [click here](#) for full Prescribing Information, including Patient Information and Instructions for Use.

Review your treatment history

Have you ever had surgery for your plexiform(s)?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	If yes , how many surgeries have you had?	<input type="checkbox"/> 1-2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3-5	<input type="checkbox"/> 6-10	<input type="checkbox"/> >10
	<input type="checkbox"/> No	If no , has a doctor ever told you that one of your plexiforms couldn't be operated on?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No			
Have you ever been prescribed a treatment for your plexiform(s)?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If yes , which treatments have you tried? _____				
When did you last get an MRI to check your plexiform(s)?	<input type="checkbox"/> 6-12 months ago <input type="checkbox"/> 1-5 years ago <input type="checkbox"/> 5+ years ago <input type="checkbox"/> I don't remember <input type="checkbox"/> I've never had an MRI					

MRI=magnetic resonance imaging.

Questions to ask your care team about GOMEKLI

It's important to have all the relevant information you need before starting a new medicine. Ask your care team these questions to help you understand if GOMEKLI is right for you.

- **How can GOMEKLI help me?**
- **How is this medicine taken?**
- **When can I expect to see results?**
- **What are the most common side effects?**
- **What serious side effects are possible?**
- **Do I need any tests before or during treatment?**
- **How do you track my treatment progress?**

If you have other questions about GOMEKLI, write them down below. And remember to take this form with you when you visit your care team.



Visit GOMEKLI.com for more information.

Important Safety Information (cont'd)

Before taking GOMEKLI, tell your healthcare provider:

Females who are able to become pregnant:

- Your healthcare provider should check to see if you are pregnant before you begin treatment with GOMEKLI.
- Use effective birth control (contraception) during treatment with GOMEKLI and for 6 weeks after your last dose.

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Important Safety Information (cont'd)

Before taking GOMEKLI, tell your healthcare provider:

- Tell your healthcare provider right away if you become pregnant or think you may be pregnant during treatment with GOMEKLI.

Males with female partners who are able to become pregnant:

- Use effective birth control (contraception) during treatment with GOMEKLI and for 3 months after your last dose.
- Tell your healthcare provider right away if your female partner becomes pregnant or thinks she may be pregnant during treatment with GOMEKLI.
- Are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if GOMEKLI passes into your breastmilk.
 - Do not breastfeed during treatment with GOMEKLI and for 1 week after your last dose.
 - Talk to your healthcare provider about the best way to feed your baby during this time.

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

How should I take GOMEKLI?

- Take GOMEKLI exactly as your healthcare provider tells you to take it. Your healthcare provider may change your dose, temporarily stop, or permanently stop treatment with GOMEKLI if you develop certain side effects.
- Take GOMEKLI twice a day, about 12 hours apart, for 21 days, followed by 7 days off treatment, to complete a 28-day treatment cycle. Your healthcare provider will decide how many treatment cycles are right for you.
- Take GOMEKLI with or without food.
- GOMEKLI comes in two different dosage forms, GOMEKLI capsules and GOMEKLI tablets for oral suspension. Your healthcare provider will decide the dosage form and dose of GOMEKLI that is right for you.
- **If you take GOMEKLI capsules:** Swallow each capsule whole with drinking water. If more than 1 capsule is required, swallow 1 capsule at a time. Do not open, break or chew the capsules.
- **If you take GOMEKLI tablets for oral suspension, either:**
 - Swallow each tablet for oral suspension whole with drinking water. If more than 1 tablet is required, swallow 1 tablet at a time.
 - OR**
 - Disperse the tablets for oral suspension in drinking water to make a liquid (suspension) before you take or give GOMEKLI.

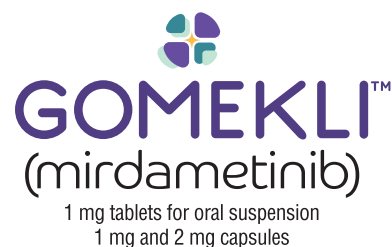
See the "Instructions for Use" that come with your medicine for instructions on how to prepare and take GOMEKLI tablets for oral suspension.

- If you miss a dose of GOMEKLI, skip the missed dose and take your next dose at your regularly scheduled time.
- If you vomit at any time after taking GOMEKLI, do not take an additional dose. Take your next dose at your regularly scheduled time.

What are the possible side effects of GOMEKLI?

GOMEKLI may cause serious side effects, including:

- **Eye problems.** GOMEKLI may cause eye problems that can lead to blindness. Your healthcare provider will check your vision before and during treatment with GOMEKLI. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you get any of the following signs or symptoms of eye problems:
 - Blurred vision
 - Loss of vision
 - Other changes to your vision
- **Heart problems.** GOMEKLI may lower the amount of blood pumped by your heart, which is common in children during treatment with GOMEKLI and can also be severe. Your healthcare provider will do tests before you start GOMEKLI treatment, every 3 months during your first year of treatment, and then as needed to make sure your heart is working properly. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you get any of the following signs or symptoms of heart problems:
 - Coughing or wheezing
 - Shortness of breath
 - Swelling of your ankles and feet
 - Tiredness
 - Increased heart rate



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Important Safety Information (cont'd)

• **Skin problems.** Skin rashes are common with GOMEKLI in both adults and children and can also be severe. GOMEKLI can also cause hair loss (alopecia). Tell your healthcare provider if you develop any of the following signs or symptoms of skin problems:

- Flat skin rash
- Raised bumps on the skin
- Skin bumps that look like acne
- Skin redness
- Itchy rash
- Peeling skin

The most common side effects of GOMEKLI in adults include:

- Diarrhea
- Nausea
- Muscle, joint, and bone pain
- Vomiting
- Tiredness

The most common severe abnormal blood tests in adults include an increased enzyme called creatine phosphokinase (CPK).

The most common side effects of GOMEKLI in children include:

- Diarrhea
- Muscle, joint, and bone pain
- Stomach (abdominal) pain
- Vomiting
- Headache
- Skin redness, swelling, or pain around the fingernails or toenails
- Nausea

The most common severe abnormal blood tests in children include decreased white blood cell (neutrophil) counts and increased CPK.

GOMEKLI may cause fertility problems in females, which may affect your ability to have children. Talk to your healthcare provider if you have concerns about fertility.

These are not all of the possible side effects of GOMEKLI. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and [click here](#) for full Prescribing Information, including Patient Information and Instructions for Use.

